



CFE-DMHA

Disaster Information Report

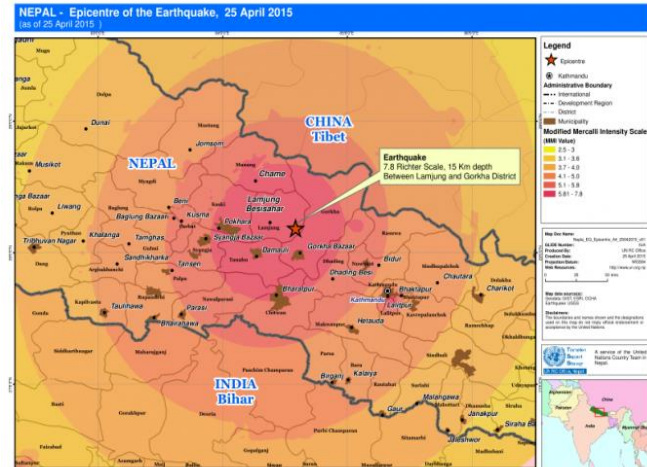
Nepal Earthquake, 10 May, 2015 CDIR No. 16

BLUF – Implications to PACOM

- Improved distribution and increased integration of IGOs and NGOs will enable JTF-505 transition and retrograde. JTF 505 submission of Transition/Retrograde CONOPS on track for 10 May. (USPACOM)
- To maximize the use of military air assets in relief activities, the Logistics Cluster has a dedicated Civil / Military Coordinator stationed in Kathmandu airport to facilitate cargo operations and provide logistics support. (LC)
- JTF operations have reached steady state given current visibility of distribution requirements; however, several agencies are intimating a significant increase in the delivery of relief supplies in the next 24-72 hours (USPACOM)

Key Concerns & Trends

- MNMCC and U.N./non-U.N. cluster organizations will establish a Combined Interagency Operations Center to better synchronize distribution of relief supplies (USPACOM)
- Kathmandu International Airport (KTM) has imposed limitation regarding the landing timeframe on incoming cargo aircraft. The decision is to limit incoming cargo aircraft to land between 6:00am and 10:00am and between 6:00pm and 00:30am. The restriction will apply also to aircraft transporting humanitarian aid. (LC)
- Increased rainfall and afternoon thunderstorms will result in marginal conditions for aviation operations in higher elevations over the next 3-4 days. The latest storm forecast predicts the current typhoon in the West Pacific will interfere with the C-130 transit corridor from Japan to Thailand from 10-12 May (USPACOM)



Nepal Earthquake – Stats & Facts

Background:

On April 25 at 11:56 am local time (06:11 UTC), a 7.8 magnitude earthquake struck Nepal, with epicenter in Lamjung District, located 81 km northwest of Kathmandu (pop. 2.5 million) with a depth of 15 km. (USGS)

Impact

As of 9 May, 57 out of 75 districts affected; 12 have been declared severely affected by the NEOC/MOHA. The most severely affected districts are Kathmandu, Sindhupalchowk, Kavre, Gorkha, Rasuwa, and Dhading in the Western and Central Regions. As of May 8, GON reports 288,793 public buildings damaged and 254,112 partially damaged. (UNICEF, LC, OCHA, GON)

Logistics, Communications

Between 27 April and 8 May the Logistics Cluster has handled over 900 MT of humanitarian cargo for 42 organizations at the Humanitarian Staging Area. The expected increase of relief supplies coming into or transiting to India will be supported with the establishment of a Staging Area in Bharatpur to handle inbound road movements from India. (USG)

Affected Population

Deaths: 7,903 (USPACOM)

Injured: 17,871 (USPACOM)

Total Displaced: 2.8 million (UNRC)

Total Affected: A total of **8.1 million affected; 4,261,210** people are seriously affected, out of which an estimated **1.7 million (40 per cent) are children** below the age of 18 years. (UNICEF, IOM)

Total Population of Nepal: est. 27.8 million (WB)

Affected State

Military

Humanitarian Military Operation and Coordination Center (HuMOCC): On May 9, it was agreed that HuMOCC meetings will move to every other day: Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The next HuMOCC meeting will be on Monday, May 11. (HuMOCC)

The **Nepal Army** is leading the **Multi-National Military Coordination Centre (MNMCC)** at the Army HQ. In support of the Nepal Army and the GON, the **UN Disaster Assessment and Coordination Team (UNDAC)** has set up a **Civil-Military Coordination Cell** in the MNMCC to facilitate information from the **OSOCC** to the MNMCC. The **MNMCC** is coordinating all foreign military assets through daily meetings. (USPACOM, UN, OCHA, UNRC)

Protection training: UN-CMCoord will coordinate with the Protection cluster to provide training to the **Police and the Armed Police Force** on protection issues for their monitoring of the IDPs camps and the displaced population. (HuMOCC)

Civilian

The Government of Nepal (GON) said the government would provide loans of up to \$25,000 at an interest rate of 2 percent for the reconstruction of private homes. The cost of the first phase of reconstruction would be \$2 billion and it had set aside \$200 million towards that. For the balance, the government has appealed for donations from foreign countries, aid agencies and Nepali people themselves. (Reuters)

The Government of Nepal (GoN) reports authorities will provide temporary shelter in public buildings to people who do not want to return to their homes. Religious and historic sites and monuments will be rebuilt in the next five years. (Reuters)

The Nepalese Prime Minister announced a \$400 allocation to cover each deceased person's religious rituals costs and a compensation of \$1,000 to the family of each deceased person. (UNICEF)

The Nepal Government has emphasized the importance of coordination with the Chief District Officers (CDOs) in each district so as to facilitate aid delivery. Transparency is also required on data pertaining to donations and relief spending. Shelter, food and water are still the top priorities for aid in the affected districts. In terms of the education sector, the Government has announced that schools will reopen as of 15 May. The Ministry of Education along with the Education Cluster will prioritize districts for assistance, e.g. for the distribution of supplies, for rebuilding and repair of schools. (UNICEF)

The **Government of Nepal (GON)** is leading the response through the **National Emergency Operations Centre (NEOC)** (<http://neoc.gov.np/en/>) located next to the **Ministry of Home Affairs (MOHA)** in the Singha Durbar premises. In support of the GON, the **On-Site Operations and Coordination Center (OSOCC)** has been set up to coordinate the international support to the response. The other coordination hubs are the **MNMCC** at army HQ; the **Reception/Departure Center (RDC)** and the **Humanitarian Staging Area (HSA)** at the airport. (UNRC, Log Cluster, VOSOCC)

Humanitarians

The **Nepal Red Cross Society (NRCS)**: NRCS continues to do assessments and work relief issues with assisting agencies. (IFRC)

International Humanitarian Community

Overview

Most international humanitarian efforts are being coordinated through the **UN Humanitarian Country Team (HCT)**. Two **humanitarian hubs** have been established in Gorkha District Headquarters (west of Kathmandu) and Chautara in Sindhupalchowk District (northeast of Kathmandu) to coordinate field level operations. (MNMCC)

In Chautara, clusters have been activated. In Gorkha, logistics cluster working with HuMOCC; clusters have yet to become operationalized. (HuMOCC)

Humanitarian Clusters

Latest highlights of cluster actions listed below:

Members of the **Education and Protection Clusters** have established 28 child-friendly spaces (CFSs) in Kathmandu Valley to promote art, play, and psychosocial support among displaced communities, the UN Children's Fund (UNICEF) reports. SC and partners provided orientation for more than 100 CFS facilitators and volunteers on May 4, and as of May 6, more than 2,800 children were reportedly benefiting from these CFSs. (USAID)

A Back to School strategy is being developed with **UNICEF** support and other partners along with the messaging to support it. (UNICEF)

Logistics Cluster: A significant improvement has been seen concerning the cargo handling and customs procedures at Kathmandu airport. Improvements are thanks to the recent deployment of US military presence and the DHL Disaster Response Team (DRT) supporting swift cargo movement and reducing the offloading time. The equipment donated by IOM and DFID have also helped easing de-congestion both at the airport and at the Humanitarian Staging Area (HSA) in Kathmandu

The expected increase of relief supplies coming into or transiting to India will be supported with the establishment of a Staging Area in Bharatpur to handle inbound road movements from India. A site has been identified and could include up to 12 MSUs. Authorization from the Government is being sought (LC)

Shelter: The Shelter Cluster increased its original funding request in the UN flash appeal for the Nepal earthquake response from \$50 million to \$77 million due to the level of damage and destruction observed in earthquake-affected districts. . (USAID)

Protection actors have established women-friendly spaces in Bhaktapur, Dhading, Kavrepalanchowk, and Lalitpur districts, and had distributed approximately 1,000 female dignity kits to women in Kavrepalanchowk, Lalitpur, and Sindhupalchowk. The Protection Cluster is also widely disseminating the code of conduct for humanitarian workers on

prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse. According to UN Women, approximately 738,000 girls ages 14 and younger, 157,000 women ages 65 and older, 38,000 women with disabilities, and 318,000 female-headed households are living in 13 of the most-affected districts. (USAID)

Two sub-working groups under the **Protection** cluster have been formed. One on 'people with disability' is led by the National Federation of the Disabled, Nepal (NFDN) with support from Handicap International. The second focuses on "senior citizens" led by Help Age (UNICEF)

Preliminary **WASH** assessments in affected areas indicate that most of the earthquake related damage to latrines is to latrine superstructures rather than bases; WASH actors need to identify methods to effectively replace or repair superstructures in the early recovery phase. (USAID)

Agriculture and Food Security: Markets in Nepal's worst-affected districts are beginning to show signs of early recovery, according to a recent WFP assessment of 113 markets across 12 districts. As of May 8, nearly 40 percent of assessed markets were reported as operational, while 57 percent were reported as partially operational. Although the share of assessed markets reported as non-operational fell significantly during the past week, WFP notes that market functionality in mountainous areas remains disrupted. WFP also reports that food assistance is urgently needed in several of the worst-affected districts due to loss of food stocks, livelihoods, and limited access to markets. (USAID)

Logistics Cluster Coordination Meetings are regularly held in **Kathmandu, Deurali** (Gorkha district) and **Chautara** (Sindhupalchok district). The meeting schedule is available on Logistics Cluster website (<http://logcluster.org>) and on <https://nepal.humanitarianresponse.info/>.

Updated logistics information and road maps available at: www.logcluster.org/ops/nepal. (Log cluster, WFP, OCHA)

Regular **Cluster coordination meetings** are published at: www.humanitarianresponse.info/operations/nepal

United Nations

UN Flash Appeal was launched for US\$415 million. (UNRC) As of May 6, total requirements are only about 4 percent funded. (OCHA) To date, some \$93 million was provided in support of the ongoing response, this includes bilateral support and funding received against the Flash Appeal as well as the UN Central Emergency Response Fund. Another \$240 million has been pledged. (OCHA)

World Health Organization (WHO) reports ongoing efforts to ensure there is no disruption for medications such as TB, diabetes and hypertension. Drug availability at district level is constantly monitored by WHO staff and this information is provided on a daily basis to the government's Health Emergency Operations Centre, "This information will be used to dispatch drugs to the districts as well as to prompt logistics groups to take action to ensure stock levels. Foreign medical teams are also on notice to treat people with chronic diseases, along with the steady flow of trauma patients. (WHO)

NGOs/IOs

Peace Direct has been visiting the districts and identified children as the most vulnerable group in already marginalized communities. Peace Direct has been providing emergency supplies to the victims of earthquake in Nepal. It plans to help children of marginalized and dalits to go back to the schools. (Peace Direct)

Assisting States

Civilian

Government of Pakistan (GoP) has provided another 3000 tarpaulin shelters and 15 large community shelters. Additionally, the Chairman, Pakistan NDMA visited earthquake affected areas to further assess the ground situation and identify further relief needs. (GoP)

The **United States Agency for International Development (USAID)** reports that in Gorkha's Baguwa village development committee, the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) recorded more than 830 displaced persons residing in a camp setting. Another transitory group of approximately 1,000 people had traveled to the area to wait for humanitarian aid deliveries, which they reportedly intended to carry back to their remote and hard-to-reach mountain communities. The DTM team has also begun assessing sites in Sindhupalchowk's Chautara and Melamchi villages. (USAID)

Military

The **United Kingdom**, has announced that a further 92 British Army Gurkha engineers will be supporting the relief effort in Nepal. The additional military support will see the Gurkhas provide direct welfare support to the villages of serving Gurkhas and their families, as well as Gurkha veterans. Military personnel will also provide immediate assistance to other Nepalese civilians in their Area of Operations. (Department for International Development)

The **United States** reports U.S. Marines with Marine Light Attack Helicopter Squadron 469 and Marine Medium Tilt Rotor Squadron 262, flew relief supplies in UH-1Y Hueys and MV-22 Ospreys to Charikot, Nepal from the Tribhuvan International Airport in Kathmandu. From May 5 to May 8, they worked together to deliver more than 150 tarps and tents. They were also able to assist JTF and deliver 3,000 pounds of food to the Nepalese people. (Government of the United States of America)

Israel has deployed approximately 124 medical personnel to assist with relief efforts (MNMCC)

For more information on international Military and Civil Defence Assets (MCDAs), visit the UN Civil-Military Coordination website:
<https://www.humanitarianresponse.info/en/operations/nepal/civil-military-coordination>

For more useful links and information resources, please visit the CFE-DMHA Nepal Earthquake Crisis Response Page at: <https://www.cfe-dmha.org/DMHA-Resources/Nepal-Earthquake>

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