



CFE-DMHA

Disaster Information Report

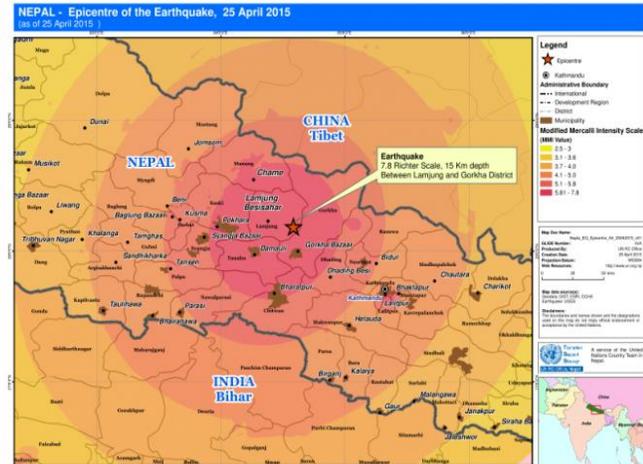
Nepal Earthquake, 2 May, 2015 CDIR No. 8

BLUF – Implications to PACOM

- Ongoing USAR will focus on 3 sectors and teams assigned will complete the work in the next 24 hours. An announcement is expected on 3 May regarding the end of the USAR International Assistance Phase (VOSOCC)
- TIA plans to cease the 24 hour operations today and return to normal hours (USPACOM)
- The Emergency Relief Coordinator reinforced the need to put measures in place to expedite customs, including simplified documentation and inspection (UNRC)
- UN reports scale-up of operations is required to ensure:
 - Immediate and principled assistance reaches people in desperate need within the next six weeks in advance of the monsoon season.
 - Shelter remains a key priority. The shelter cluster is advocating for prioritizing the distribution of quality grade tarpaulins and repair tools (UNRC)

Key Concerns & Trends

- Health Teams have been deployed to Gorkha and Sindhuli districts to respond to reports of influenza and diarrheal cases
 - Departure plans for USAR teams continues.
 - International Teams are expected to commence demobilization and exit plans. Teams are requested to break camp and depart before Wednesday, 6 May, 1200 hours.
 - The RDC is strengthened to take on departure roles of outgoing teams (VOSOCC)



Nepal Earthquake – Stats & Facts

Background:

On April 25 at 11:56 am local time (06:11 UTC), a 7.8 magnitude earthquake struck Nepal, with epicenter in Lamjung District, located 81 km northwest of Kathmandu (pop. 2.5 million) with a depth of 15 km. (USGS)

Impact

GON reports 39 out of 75 districts affected. (UNRC, OCHA). In comparison to data from the 1934 earthquake, the number of houses damaged is slightly higher. As of 2 May, the government is projecting 500,000 houses will be destroyed. Up to 90 percent of houses in Gorkha and Sindhupalchowk have been destroyed. (MOHA, UNRC)

Logistics, Communications

Obtaining landing permits at Kathmandu airport are limited with the increasing number of charter flights. Main roads remain open. However, landslides have challenged transportation of relief items to some areas. Many affected villages are without road access at all. Mobile network and internet running in Kathmandu and other parts of Nepal, except for some districts. (NP, UN)

Affected Population (as of 2 May)

Deaths: 6,659 (Kathmandu, Nuwakot and Sindhupalchowk, reporting highest numbers). (GON, UNRC)

Injured: 14, 062 (GON, UNRC)

Total Displaced: 2.8 million (UNRC)

Total Affected: 8 million people across 39 districts (est.). (UNRC)

Total Population of Nepal: 27.8 million (WB)

Affected State

Military

The **Nepal Army** is leading the **Multi-National Military Coordination Centre (MNMCC)** at the Army HQ. In support of the Nepal Army and the GON, the **UN Disaster Assessment and Coordination Team (UNDAC)** has set up a **Civil-Military Coordination Cell** in the MNMCC to facilitate information from the **OSOCC** to the MNMCC. (UNRC)

The Nepalese Armed Forces are continuing to coordinate arrivals of supplies at the airport, setting up camps and distributing supplies at camp sites, and continuing overall rescue and relief efforts. The **Nepalese Army** is responsible for clearing landing permits at the airport. (VOSOCC)

Civilian

The **Government of Nepal (GON)** is leading the response through the **National Emergency Operations Centre (NEOC)** (<http://neoc.gov.np/en/>) located next to the **Ministry of Home Affairs (MOHA)** in the Singha Durbar premises. In support of the GON, the **On-Site Operations and Coordination Center (OSOCC)** has been set up **at the UN House** to coordinate the international support to the humanitarian response. (VOSOCC)

The other coordination hubs are the **MNMCC** at army HQ; the **Reception/Departure Center (RDC)** and **Humanitarian Staging Area (HSA)** at the airport. *RDC is located right after customs.* (UNRC, Log Cluster)

66 USAR teams are operating on ground. The USAR Base of Operations is located near the airport fire station. (VOSOCC)

Over 80 **Foreign Medical Teams (FMTs)** are in-country. The **Ministry of Health and Population (MoHP)** and **WHO** are coordinating medical teams. *A 24-hour emergency health operations room is at the MOHP and coordinates with the NEOC.* (UNRC)

A Communicating with Communities Working Group has been established. A 4W has been developed including contact details and responses of partners:

(<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1c4HB-VT2A6kCbi3wm8DQes3aset07H2q04Qon9rnjAI/edit?pli=1>) (UNRC)

Humanitarians

Nepal Red Cross Society (NRCS): NRCS NHQ is collecting information from all affected districts. An Initial Rapid Assessment (IRA) is being carried out in the affected districts under difficult geographical and weather conditions. NRCS is developing an Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) to guide all response and recovery interventions supported by this Emergency Appeal (IFRC)

International Humanitarian Community

Overview

All humanitarian efforts are being coordinated through the **UN Humanitarian Country Team (HCT)**. Both the Clusters and the HCT meet daily. (UN)

Clusters

All **clusters** are up and running. Highlights of cluster actions listed below (OCHA):

Logistics Cluster: OCHA reports that obtaining landing permits at the airport is a challenge with increasing number of humanitarian charter flights. Six Mobile Storage Units (MSU) are operational. An additional MSU is being set up at the Humanitarian Staging Area. Logistics hubs are being established in Deurali (Gorkha District), Dhulikhel (Kavre District), Bharatpur, Pokhara and Birgunj districts. 25 trucks have been contracted with a capacity to transport 10 to 15 MT each. Updated logistics information and road maps available at: www.logcluster.org/ops/nepal. (Log cluster, OCHA)

Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM): The number of internally displaced people (IDPs) in spontaneous camps is increasing. Most of the IDPs are now living next to their damaged houses. There is an insufficient number of partners to provide camp management services and engineering services to survey displaced sites in Kathmandu. The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) teams are identifying and conducting rapid profiling of camps in Sankhu, Jorpati, Gongabu, Dhapasi, Manamaiju in Kathmandu district. (DTM is a tool used to assess needs in camps)

Shelter: The cluster has distributed 50,793 tarpaulins to 29 affected districts. Access to remote areas continues to be a challenge. Affected people are already rebuilding and support is needed to ensure they build back safer.

Food Security: Food distributions are ongoing in Gorkha, Dhading, Nuwakot, Sindhupalchok, Lalitpur, Bhaktapur and Kathmandu. Distributions are scheduled for Rasuwa and Kavre within the next two days. Security in Sindhupalchok and the eastern districts is an issue. Two trucks carrying food were reportedly diverted in Dhading and Sankhu.

Health: Medical tents and orthopedic supplies are needed. Over 80 Foreign Medical Teams are in-country and some 68 teams have been tasked to deliver health care in the most affected districts.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH): The Cluster plans to provide WASH services to an estimated 4.2 million people. Water trucking was provided in the 16 camps in Kathmandu. Water contamination due to lack of toilets has been reported in remote districts.

Protection: Reports of unequal distribution continue to be received by humanitarian partners.

Education: According to GON data from 26 districts, 1,383 schools have been damaged by the earthquake.

Emergency Telecommunications: Satellite communication capacity has been provided to 14 organizations. (OSOCC)

Regular **Cluster coordination meetings** are published at:
www.humanitarianresponse.info/operations/nepal

United Nations

UN Flash Appeal launched for US\$415 million. (UNRC) The UN has already released US\$15 million through the **Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)**. As of May 2, US\$68 million in contributions has been received. (OCHA) For the most recent funding figures, visit Financial Tracking Service (FTS): <http://fts.unocha.org/>

UNICEF and partners are now present and delivering results for children in 6 out of 12 severely affected districts. (NEOC/MOHA) UNICEF Nepal Country Office has already received 60% of the required supplies for rapid response. Tents, tarpaulins, hygiene kits, and medical kits and supplies have arrived and distribution has begun in the field. (UN Children's Fund)

UN Women: UN Women will be working to ensure the protection of the most vulnerable populations, especially children and women, from violence and gender-based violence. (UNW)

NGOs/IOs

British Red Cross: The BRC has sent a 4-member team of public-health aid workers and equipment. The equipment is part of a 'mass sanitation module', which provides help for 20,000 people. (BRC)

Global Medic – Thirty large tents have arrived in Kathmandu which will be installed to replace essential infrastructure in hospitals and medical centers. In addition, the team has been operating large scale water purification units including an AR10 to provide clean drinking water at the community level. These units will provide clean water for thousands of beneficiaries. They are cleanable and reusable, effectively purifying water from contaminated sources such as lakes, rivers and wells for up to one year.

Habitat for Humanity teams have begun to safely remove rubble, as well as assemble shelter kits to help families left homeless or without adequate shelter. (Habitat for Humanity International)

Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) – IRCS has sent in 2000 Tarpaulin sheets, 800 Family Tents, 2000 blankets and one more large water purification unit with output of 3000 liters of clean drinking water per hour. The society has also offered up to 1500 units of blood to the Nepal Red Cross Society which can be sent in immediately in ice-containers. Additionally, the IRCS is also ready with trained staff and volunteers for Rescue, First Aid, Relief distribution, Psycho-social support, Restoring Family Links etc. who may be deployed as part of National Disaster Response Team and First Medical Responders when required.

Salvation Army reports a team from India arrived on Thursday (30 April) with a delivery of 700 boxes of bottled water, totaling 8,400 liters, and 130 boxes of noodles (almost 6,000 packets). Young volunteers from The Salvation Army in Nepal worked tirelessly to get the goods off the truck and into storage. Bags of rice, lentils, oil and salt were also purchased locally. (The Salvation Army)

Assisting States

Civilian

Australia: will provide an additional \$5 million. This will include: \$2.5 million towards the UN Flash Appeal; \$1.5 million to assist Australian NGOs; \$0.5 million to support RedR Australia to deploy humanitarian experts to support the UN; and \$0.5 million to support the Australian Red Cross. Total assistance provided so far at over \$10 million. (GOA)

European Union: European Union's Commissioner for Humanitarian Aid and Crisis Management, Christos Stylianides and United Nations Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator, Valerie Amos, concluded their joint visit to Nepal. (EU)

United States: has contributed a total of \$12.5 million towards to the humanitarian response. USAID funding is supporting Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) operations and the distribution of critical food assistance, shelter materials and other relief commodities. (USAID)

Military

Canada: A Canadian DART team has arrived in Nepal to assist in relief efforts and has **liaised** with the MNMCC and OCHA and other foreign military teams on the ground.

Japan: A C-130 from Utapao has delivered medical assets for the Japan Self-Defense Force (JSDF) team. The JSDF medical team (110 personnel) will set up medical support sites in Kathmandu over the next 24-48 hours. (JSDF)

Useful links: PLEASE MAKE THE BELOW LINKS LIVE BY HITTING THE RETURN KEY

Map Action and UN-Spider providing real time maps and satellite images:

- <http://www.mapaction.org/deployments/depldetail/240.html>
- <https://sites.google.com/site/nepalearthquakesatellite/>

A contact list for the GON has been set up at:

<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dF5bBRHjjMmEraF7SmlgbiRNFF2S6Iyt07oHfaawxro/e/dit?pli=1>

Additionally a website has been setup called, "I am Nepal" for Nepali citizens to connect and share needs and supplies:

<http://www.iamnepal.org/hotline-numbers/>

For more useful links and information resources, please visit the CFE-DMHA Nepal Earthquake Crisis Response Page at: <https://www.cfe-dmha.org/DMHA-Resources/Nepal-Earthquake>

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/cfedmha>

Twitter: [@cfedmha](https://twitter.com/cfedmha)

Note: Beginning 27 Apr, the CDIR will be released by 1100 Hawaii time in order to align with PACOM operational reporting. If necessary out of cycle updates will be released on an as needed basis.

Disclaimer: *This document has been prepared in good faith based on open-source information available at the date of publication. While making every attempt to ensure the information is relevant and accurate, CFE-DMHA does not guarantee or warrant the accuracy, reliability, completeness or currency of the information in this publication.*